**Conditionals (if clauses) and Wish**

* A \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ expresses the idea that the action in the main clause (the result clause) can only happen if a certain condition (if clause) is fulfilled. The **if clause** states the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, and the main clause states the result.
* The verb after *if* is usually one tense before the time of the situation.
  + e.g for future (1st conditional) use present
  + Use past tense for present (2nd conditional)
  + For past (3rd conditional) use past perfect
    - This is called the (-1) rule

Four Types of Conditional Sentences

* **Zero Conditional**
  + used for facts or situations that are always true, *when* or *whenever* can be used instead of if.
  + used for situations that were always true in the past; *when* or *wheneve*r can be used instead of if here as well.
* **First Conditional** 
  + used for an action that is likely to happen.
* **Second Conditional** 
  + used for an action that is not true or that the speaker thinks is not very possible.
* **Third Conditional** 
  + used for an action that did not happen.

Mixed Conditional Sentences

* Verb follows the rules for the time of the condition and the time of the result.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Condition | Result |
| If he were rich, (present time) | he would have bought that BMW yesterday. (past time) |
| If he had become a citizen, (past time) | he would vote in tomorrow’s election. |
| If I weren’t taking my car to the shop tomorrow, (future time) | I would have lent you my car. (past time) |
| If you were giving a big speech tomorrow, (future time) | you’d be busy planning it right now. (present time) |

Omission of If

* With conditional sentences that contain \_\_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_, or \_\_\_\_\_\_, we can omit the word **if** and then invert the subject and verb.

Wish

* **Wish** expresses the fact that you want the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of the real situation to be true.
* The **(-1) rule** applies to **Wish.**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Situation | Change | Sentence |
| I **didn’t study** last night. | past time→past perfect tense | I wish I **had studied** last night. |
| I **don’t study** much. | present time→past tense | My dad wishes I **studied** more. |
| I **won’t study** tonight. | will →would | My dad wishes I **would study** more. |
| I **can’t go** tomorrow. | can →could | I wish I **could go** tomorrow. |

Most Common Verbs for Wish

* **I wish I…**
  + could
  + had
  + knew
  + were
  + did

Exercise: Turn these into sentences with **Wish.**

1. I don’t have a dog. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
2. I don’t like going to school. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
3. I can’t play a musical instrument. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
4. I am single. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
5. I never have time to eat breakfast in the morning.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
6. I can’t afford a new car. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
7. My mother doesn’t like it when I don’t finish my homework. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
8. I’ve never visited Hawaii. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.